

**8.8**       $(\cos(x))' = (\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - x))' = \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) (\frac{\pi}{2} - x)' = \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) \cdot (-1) =$   
 $= -\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) = -\sin(x)$